

## Communication:

It means giving information or message and information or message .It is a two way process.

## Why we need to communicate?

To interact with the outside world but you don't.

## Communication Gap:

If the receive message is different from the sent message.

## Communication Break Down:

If the sent message does not reach the receiver.

## Elements of a communication system:

### 1. Source:

Which generate signals or stimuli.

### 2. Signals:

Which are generated from source.

### 3. Sensors:

Sensory receptive which sensors the signals.

### 4. Receiver:

Which received signals from all sensors.

### 5. Interpreter:

Which gives meaning to these signals.

### 6. Noise:

Which disturb the communication system.

### 7. Context:

Environment in which communication take place.

## 8. Feedback:

Response of the receiver to the source.

## Attention:

It is the fine tuning of some of the sensory mechanism.

## Types:

### 1. External noise:

Which create disturbance between source and the receiver.

### 2. Internal noise:

Which create disturbance during interpretation.

## Handicap:

You don't have any control over the perception of the other person.

## Perception:

Interpretation of received signals into something meaningful is called perception.

## How these perception are developed?

These perception are developed on the basis of

1. Fast believe
2. Earlier education
3. Past experiences
4. Family brought up
5. Value

## Responses:

The responses are based on our perception and right perception leads to right responses.

## Encode:

Assign meaning to the words.

### **Decode:**

Understanding meaning from the words.

You will receive those words and convert them into ideas.

### **Misunderstanding:**

Difference between encoding and decoding is called misunderstanding.